CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Name of Commodity: Vitamin C L-Ascorbic Acid BP2014/USP38/E300

Batch No.: 4325902

Best Before End: June 2020

Test Items:	Specification	Results
•Characteristics:	White or almost white, crystalline powder or colourless crystals	White crystalline powder
Identification:	Corresponds	Corresponds
Melting point:	189° C~193° C	191 ° C
pH(5%.W/V)	2.1~2.6	2.30
pH(2%.W/V)	2.4~2.8	2.49
Specific optical rotation:	+20.5° ~ +21.5°	+20.9°
Apperance of solution	Solution is clear and not more intensely coloured than reference solution BY7	up to standard
Heavy Metals:	<10 ppm	<10ppm
Assay: Copper: Iron: Mercury: Arsenic:	99.0%- 100.5% <5ppm <2ppm <1 ppm <3 ppm	99.2% 0.09 ppm 0.19ppm 0.04ppm <3ppm
Lead:	<2ppm	0.04ppm
Oxalic acid(impurity) Loss on drying: Sulphated ash: Related Substances:	<0.2% <0.4% <0.1%	<0.2% 0.02% 0.02%
Impurity C: Impurity D: Unspecified impurities Total impurities:	<0.15% <0.15% <0.10% <0.2%	<0.01% <0.01% ND ND
Residual solvent: Methanol: Microbiological examination:	<3000 ppm	89ppm
TAMC:	10 ³ cfu/g	Corresponds
TYMC:	10 ² cfu/g Absence	Corresponds
E.coli:	ADSCITUC	Corresponds



Statement

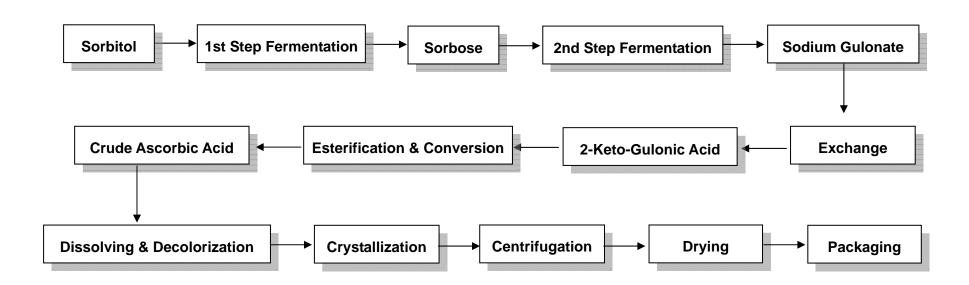
Date: July 30, 2014

To whom it may concern:

We, MADAR Corporation Ltd. herewith certify that the product Vitamin C that we supply is allergen free.



Process Flow Chart for Vitamin C/ Ascorbic Acid





Vitamin C/ Ascorbic Acid

Section 1----Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product name Ascorbic Acid, Vitamin C

Company information Name: MADAR Corporation Ltd.

Add: 19-20 Sandleheath Industrial Estate,

Fordingbridge, Hampshire, SP6 1PA

Email: sales@madarcorporation.co.uk Company's Phone: +44 1425 655555

Approved Sellers: Cosmetic Butters, Mystic Moments,

New Directions, World of Moulds

Section 2----Composition/Information on Ingredients

Characterization Water soluble vitamin; pharmaceuticals, food and feed

additive

Synonyms Vitamin C

L-Ascorbic acid

(5R)-5-[(1S)-1,2-dihydroxyethyl]-3,4-dihydroxyfuran-2(5H

)-one

CAS number 50-81-7

EINECS number 200-066-2

Chemical formula $C_6H_8O_6$

Molecular weight 176.13 g/mol



Structure formula

Section 3----Hazards Identification

Most important hazards -No particular hazards known.

Potential Acute Health -Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye

Effects contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Section 4----First-aid Measures

Eye contact - Rinse immediately with tap water for 10 minutes - open

eyelids forcibly

Skin contact - Remove contaminated clothes, wash affected skin with

water and soap

- do not use any solvents

Inhalation - Remove the casualty to fresh air and keep him/her calm

- In the event of symptoms get medical treatment

Note to physician - Treat symptomatically

Section 5----Fire-fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing - Water spray jet, dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide media



Specific hazards - Severe dust explosion hazard

Protection of - Precipitate gases/vapors/mists with water spray

fire-fighters

Section 6----Accidental Release Measures

Methods for cleaning - Collect solids (avoid dust formation) and hand over to

up waste removal

- Rinse with plenty of water

Section 7----Handling and Storage

Handling

Technical measures - Processing in closed systems, if possible superposed by

inert gas (e.g. nitrogen)

- Local exhaust ventilation necessary

- Take precautionary measures against electrostatic charging

- Avoid dust formation; high dust explosion hazard

Suitable materials - Stainless steel, coated steel (protective lacquer), glass,

polyethylene, polypropylene, enamel

Unsuitable materials - Aluminum, copper, zinc, Iron

Storage

Storage conditions - In closed containers

- Protected from humidity

- Below 30 °C

Packaging materials - Tightly closing; material: coated steel (protective

lacquer), glass, polyethylene, polypropylene, PVC



Section 8----Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

engineering controls to keep airborne levels below exposure

limits.

Monitoring

Threshold value air - IOEL: 10 mg/m3 (defined as 8-hour time-weighted

average)

Analytics - Sampling on glass fibre filter and gravimetric or chemical

determination

Personal protective

equipment

Respiratory protection - In case of high dust concentrations: particle mask or

respirator with independent air supply

Hand protection - Protective gloves (e.g. made of Natural Rubber)

Eye protection - Safety glasses

Section 9----Physical and Chemical Properties

Color White to almost white

Form Crystalline powder or colorless crystals

Odour Almost odorless, with sharp acidic, pleasant taste

Density 0.9-1.2 g/ml

Sieve analysis Retained on 40 meshes NMT 20%, between 40-80mesh

NLT 50%.

Solubility Free soluble in water

Soluble in ethanol (96 percent)



Virtually insoluble in ethyl ether

Virtually insoluble in chloroform

PH value 2.1-2.6 (5 % aqueous solution)

Dissociation constant $pK_1 = 4.17$

 $pK_2 = 11.57$ (water)

Melting temperature About 190°C (with decomposition)

Section 10---- Stability and Reactivity

Stability - Stable at room temperature under exclusion of humidity

Conditions to avoid - Humidity

- Warming

Materials to avoid - Oxidizing agents, atmospheric oxygen, bases, metals,

metal salts

Note - On prolonged storage, a yellow discoloration may occur

-Through slow decomposition, which does not noticeably

diminish biological activity, however

- In aqueous solutions ascorbic acid is very susceptible to

oxidative decomposition, particularly in the presence of

alkali resp. heavy metal ions

Section 11---- Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity - LD50 11'900 mg/kg (oral, rat)

- LD50 8'000 mg/kg (oral, mouse)

- LD50 518 mg/kg (i.v., mouse)

Local effects - Eye: may cause irritations



- Mucous membranes: may cause irritations

- Skin: may cause irritations; particularly in conjunction

with humidity (perspiration)

Chronic toxicity - In predisposed individuals 4-12 g/d may cause urinary

calculus

Mutagenicity - No suspicion of human mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity - Not carcinogenic (several species)

Reproduction toxicity - Not teratogenic, not embryotoxic

Note - Oral uptake of up to 9 g per day does not produce any

serious toxic effects, however, even lesser quantities may

cause diarrhoea

- RDA (recommended daily allowance): 60 mg

Section 12----Ecological Information

Inherent - Well inherently biodegradable

biodegradability -97 %, 5 d

-100 %, 15 d

Ecotoxicity -Barely toxic for fish (rainbow trout)

-LC50 (96 h) 1020 mg/l

-The inhibitory concentration relates to re-attachment to

substrate (Dreissena polymorpha)

-MIC (48 h) > 50 mg/l (nominal concentration)

Air pollution - Observe local/national regulations



Section 13----Disposal Considerations

Waste from residues - Observe local/national regulations regarding waste disposal

- Drain very small quantities into wastewater treatment plant

- Large amounts: incinerate in qualified installation.

Section 14----Transport Information

Note - Not classified by transport regulations

Section 15----Regulatory Information

Note - No classification and labeling according to EU directives.

- This product is on the European Inventory of Existing

Commercial Chemical Substances.

Section 16----Other Information

Use - Additive for use in food and pharmaceuticals

- Feed additive

Biological activity - 1 I.U. (international unit) of vitamin C corresponds to the

activity of 50 µg of pure ascorbic acid

Reference literature ISO11014-1

General rules for preparation of chemical safety data sheet

(CSDS)

The information in this safety data sheet is based on current scientific knowledge. It should not be taken as expressing or implying any warranty concerning product characteristics.



SPECIFICATION VITAMIN C/ ASCORBIC ACID

DESCRIPTION

A white or almost white, crystalline powder or colorless crystals, becoming discolours on exposure to air and moisture.

PROPERTIES

Molecular Formula

Relative Molecular Mass 176.13

Chemical Name L-2, 3, 5, 6-hydroxy-2-hexenic acid-γ-lactone

CAS Number 50-81-7

Structural Formula



COMPENDIAL REQUIREMENTS

Ascorbic Acid meets all requirements of USP/BP/JP/FCC/EP when tested according to these compendia.

Characteristics White or almost white crystalline power

or colorless crystals

Identification Positive Reaction

Melting Point About 190 ° C

Specific Rotation +20.5°~+21.5°

pH 2.1~2.6

Residue on Ignition $\leq 0.1\%$

Assay 99.5~100.5%

Loss on Drying $\leq 0.15\%$

Heavy Metal ≤0.001%

Lead ≤2ppm

Clarity of Solution Pass

Color of Solution $\leq BY_7$

Impurity E $\leq 0.2\%$

Copper Salt ≤0.0005%

Ferrite $\leq 0.0002\%$

Arsenic $\leq 0.0003\%$

Residual Solvents Pass

Particle Size 100% through 20 mesh

NLT 25% through 40 mesh

NLT 50% retain between 40~80 mesh

biOrigins

STABILITY

Ascorbic acid powder is nonvolatile stable in the dry state, however, upon

exposure to atmospheric moisture; it can deteriorate, and oxidizes readily to

aqueous solution. Contact with iron, copper or nickel salts should be avoided.

SHELF-LIFE

At least 36 months from date of manufacturing provided the container is unopened

and stored under the above mentioned conditions.

STORAGE

Store in sealed containers and keep in a dry placed away from light.



Vegan Statement

Our Vitamin C Ascorbic Acid is **VEGAN SUITABLE** as per our manufacturer's confirmation.